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Key words:
Subcoric
Subcoric couric
uobucorob

The figure shows a small waveform and a list of text fragments. The fragments are: "Key words:", "Subcoric", "Subcoric couric", and "uobucorob".

2.1. Main methods

2.1.1. Procedure

2.1.2. Apparatus

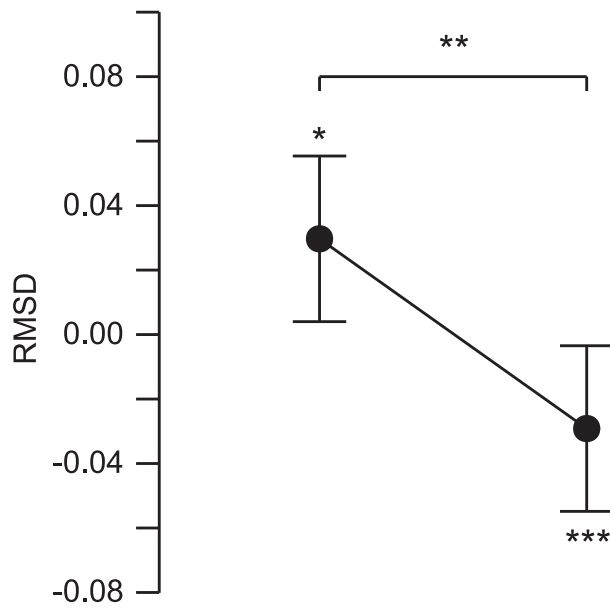
2.1.3. Stimuli

2.1.4. Data analysis

2.2. Results and discussion

2.2.1. Performance between the two conditions

Figure 1 shows the mean number of correct responses for each condition. The error bars represent the standard error of the mean. A significant difference was found between the two conditions ($F(1, 18) = 10.5, p = .004$), with the control condition showing a higher number of correct responses ($M = 18.5, SD = 1.5$) than the experimental condition ($M = 16.5, SD = 1.5$).



Mask-task-small

Dichop

3.2. *Ab...*

ery statis...

... c. cu...

... S...

... r r...

... p < o...

... S...

... p = o...

... = o...

... c r...

... c co...

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... urc...

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... ourc...

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... = cr...

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... = p = r...

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b co...

... o o = p =

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... co b...

... r r r c...

... r r c...

... c r c r r c o

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... o c r

... c c r

... o r

... r r

... =

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... o

... =

... cr

... c

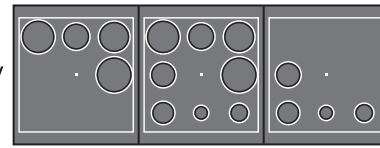
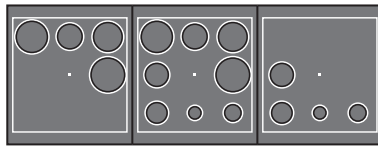
... o o u

Big-eye condition

Small-eye condition

Left eye Percept Right eye

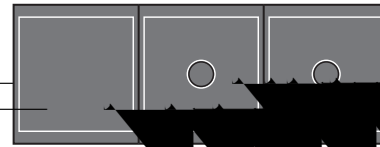
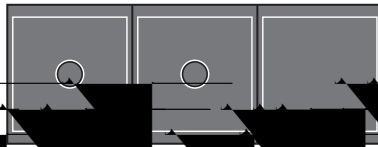
Left eye Percept Right eye



Circle array

Left eye Percept Right eye

Left eye Percept Right eye



Probe

RMSD

$$RMSD = \frac{(Estimated\ mean\ size - Actual\ mean\ size)}{Actual\ mean\ size}$$

4.2. Results and discussion

4.2.1. Effect of primary size on perception

Fig. 6. Comparison of RMSD between Big-eye and Small-eye conditions.

$p < .001$ $p < .001$

